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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION, 1973

ENROLLED

HOUSE BILL No. 13 YY

(By Mr. Cline

In Effect Minthey Adapt from Passage

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FILED IN THE OFFICE
EDGAR E. HEISKELL III
SECRETARY OF STATE
THIS DATE 5/3/23

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

House Bill No. 1322

(By Mr. CLINE)

(Originating in the House Select Committee on Redistricting)

[Passed April 14, 1973; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend sections nine, ten and twenty-one, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections eight and thirteen, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two and five, article six of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section five, article ten of said chapter, all relating to elections; compensation and organization of political party committees; deleting election of members from wards from certain cities and to provide in lieu thereof election of members from executive committee districts created by county court for purposes of this section to be compact, contiguous and of equal population; the printing of ballots; number and requirement of ballots; clarification when multiple seats are to be filled for the same office; packaging and sealing of ballots; form and contents of ballots in primary elections; requiring that candidates for House of Delegates shall be in first column; preparation and form of general election ballots; order of offices and candidates to be same as in primary elections; rules and procedures in elections other than primaries; procedure for voting a straight ticket; voting for candidates of another party when multiple seats are to be filled for that office; delegate district executive committees; extending terms of present members of said committees; and establishing new delegate district executive committees and procedures to fill vacancies in office and vacancies in nomination of members of the House of Delegates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nine, ten and twenty-one, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections eight and thirteen, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two and five, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section five, article ten of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

§3-1-9. Political party committees; how composed; organization.

- 1 At the May primary election in the year one thousand nine
- 2 hundred seventy-two and at the May primary election in the
- 3 year one thousand nine hundred seventy-four and in every
- 4 fourth year subsequent to the May primary election held in
- 5 the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, the voters
- 6 of each political party in each senatorial district shall elect
- 7 two male and two female members of the state executive
- 8 committee of the party. In senatorial districts containing two
- 9 or more counties, not more than two such elected committee
- of more commerce than two buch elected committee
- 10 members shall be residents of the same county. The com-
- 11 mittee, when convened and organized as herein provided,
- 12 shall appoint three additional members of the committee
- 13 from the state at large.
- 14 At such primary election, the voters of each political party
- 15 in each county shall elect one male and one female member
- 16 of the party's executive committee of the congressional district
- 17 and of the senatorial district in which such county is situated.
- 18 At the same time such voters in each magisterial district or exe-
- 19 cutive committee district, as the case may be, of the county
- 20 shall elect one male and one female member of the party's
- 21 county executive committee.

For the purpose of complying with the provisions of this 23 section the county court shall create such executive committee 24 districts as they shall determine, which such districts shall not be fewer than the number of magisterial districts in such 26 counties nor shall they exceed in number the following: Fifty for counties having a population of one hundred thousand persons or more; forty for counties having a population of fifty thousand to one hundred thousand; and ten from counties 30 having a population of fifty thousand or less.

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The executive committee districts shall not cross magisterial district lines, shall be as nearly equal in population as practicable, and shall each be composed of compact, contiguous territory. The county courts shall constitute the executive committee districts before January first, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four to be effective for the term of office of executive members elected at the one thousand nine hundred seventy-four primary election and thereafter. The county courts shall not thereafter change the territorial boundaries of such districts, except such change shall be made within two years immediately following a decennial census.

All members of executive committees, selected for each political division as herein provided, shall reside within the county, district or ward from which chosen.

45 The terms of office of all members of executive committees 46 so elected at the May primary election in the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-two shall begin on the first day of June, following said May primary, and shall continue for two years 49 thereafter and until their successors are elected and qualified. 50 The term of office of all members of executive committees elected at the May primary in the year one thousand nine 52 hundred seventy-four, and every four years thereafter, shall 53 begin on the first day of June, following said May primary, 54 and shall continue for four years thereafter and until their 55 successors are elected and qualified. Vacancies in the state 56 executive committee shall be filled by the members of the 57 committee for the unexpired term. Vacancies in the party's 58 executive committee of a congressional district, senatorial 59 district or county shall be filled by the party's executive 60 committee of the county in which such vacancy exists, and 61 shall be for the unexpired term.

As soon as possible after the first day of June, following

- 63 the election of the new executive committees, as herein
- 64 provided, they shall convene within their respective political
- 65 divisions, on the call of the chairman of corresponding out-
- going executive committees, or by any member of the new 66
- 67 executive committee in the event there is no corresponding
- 68 outgoing executive committee, and proceed to select a chair-
- man, a treasurer and a secretary, and such other officers 69
- 70 as they may desire, each of which officers shall for their
- 71 respective committees perform the duties that usually apper-
- 72 tain to such offices.

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§3-1-10. Delegate district executive committees.

- (a) On and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, new delegate district executive committees shall be constituted as follows:
- (1) In delegate districts that include only one whole county or only a portion of one county, the political party executive committee of that county shall constitute the political party executive committee of that delegate district;
- (2) In delegate districts that include two or more whole counties, the political party executive committee of each county within that delegate district shall elect one male and one female resident of that county, all of whom shall constitute the political party executive committee of that delegate district;
- (3) In the thirtieth delegate district, the political party executive committees in the counties of Randolph and Pocahontas shall each elect one male and one female resident of their respective counties, all of whom shall constitute the political party executive committee of the thirtieth delegate district;
- 19 (4) Except as provided for in subdivision (3) of this section, in delegate districts that contain one or more whole 20 21 counties together with a portion of another county, the political 22 party executive committees of each county wholly included within the delegate district shall elect one male and one female 24 resident of that county, and the political party executive committee of each county only partially included within the 25 26 delegate district shall elect one resident of that county, who 27 shall reside within that portion of the county included in that delegate district, all of whom shall constitute the political par-28 ty executive committee of that delegate district.

- 30 (b) Vacancies in delegate district executive committees 31 shall be filled by the political party executive committee of 32 the county from which the vacating member was a resident 33 and, in case only a portion of a county is included within a 34 delegate district the person filling the vacancy shall reside 35 in that portion of the county.
 - (c) Members of delegate district executive committees that are elected by county executive committees shall serve at the will and pleasure of the county executive committee that elected them.

- (d) As soon as possible after their election, delegate district executive committees shall convene within their respective delegate districts, on the call of any member of the new delegate district executive committee, and proceed to select a chairman, a treasurer and a secretary, and such other officers as they may desire, each of which officers shall for their respective committees perform the duties that usually appertain to such offices.
- (e) The delegate district executive committees elected at the primary election in the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, as well as any persons now or hereafter appointed to fill vacancies in such committees, shall continue in office until the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, for the purpose of making nominations to fill vacancies in the House of Delegates pursuant to section five, article ten of this chapter.
- (f) For the purpose of filling vacancies in nomination on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, pursuant to section nineteen, article five of this chapter, and for the purpose of filling vacancies in the office of member of the House of Delegates on and after the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, pursuant to section five, article ten of this chapter, delegate district executive committees shall reflect the apportionment of the House of Delegates as constituted by "The House of Delegates Apportionment Act of 1973."
- (g) In case of a tie vote in delegate district executive committees in filling vacancies in office or in filling vacancies in nomination for members of the House of Delegates, the chairman of the state political party executive committee of that party shall cast the deciding vote.

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§3-1-21. Printing of ballots; number and requirements; packaging and sealing.

1 It shall be the duty of the board of ballot commissioners for 2 each county to provide printed ballots for every election for 3 public officers in which the voters or any of the voters 4 within the county participate, and cause to be printed, on the 5 appropriate ballot, the name of every candidate whose name has been certified to or filed with the clerk of the circuit court of the county in any manner provided for in this chapter. In any case wherein the constitution or statutes limit or prescribe the number of candidates or elected officers to be 10 selected by the voters in any district or other governmental 11 subdivision, the ballot commissioners, in the preparation of 12 such ballots, shall cause to be printed thereon, in plainly 13 worded language, the number of candidates to be voted for in 14 each district or other governmental subdivision: Provided, 15 That in any election when more than one seat is to be filled 16 for a public office, such instructions shall be centered across 17 the ballot or electronic voting system so as to be stated only 18 once and to apply to all parties. The printing of the ballots, 19 and all other printing caused to be done by the board of ballot 20 commissioners, shall be contracted for with the lowest respon-21 sible bidder. Ballots other than those caused to be printed 22 by the respective boards of ballot commissioners, according 23 to the provisions of this chapter, shall not be cast, received, 24 or counted in any election.

For each such election to be held in their county and at least thirty days before the date of such election, the board of ballot commissioners shall cause to be printed official ballots to not more than one and one-fifth times the number of registered voters in the county. Provisions of article five of this chapter shall govern the printing of ballots for primary elections. The ballots so printed shall be wrapped and tied in packages, one for each precinct in their county, containing ballots to the number of one and one-twentieth times the number of registered voters in such precinct. Each package of ballots shall be sealed with wax, and plainly marked with the number of ballots therein, the name of the magisterial district, and the number of the voting place therein, to which it is intended to be sent. The names of the ballot commissioners shall also be endorsed thereon.

ARTICLE 5. PRIMARY ELECTIONS AND NOMINATING PROCED-URES.

§3-5-8. Filing fees and their disposition.

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- Every person who becomes a candidate for nomination for or election to office in any primary election, shall, at the time of filing the certificate of announcement as required in this article, pay a filing fee as follows:
 - (a) A candidate for president of the United States, for vice president of the United States, for United States senator, for member of the United States house of representatives, for governor and for all other state elective offices shall pay a fee equivalent to one percent of the annual salary of the office for which the candidate announces;
 - (b) A candidate for the office of judge of the circuit court and judge of any court of record of limited jurisdiction shall pay a fee equivalent to one percent of the total annual salary of the office paid from any and all sources for which the candidate announces;
 - (c) A candidate for member of the House of Delegates shall pay a fee of thirty-three dollars, and a candidate for state senator shall pay a fee of sixty-six dollars;
 - (d) A candidate for sheriff, prosecuting attorney, circuit clerk, county clerk, assessor, member of the county court and member of the county board of education shall pay a fee equivalent to one percent of the annual salary of the office for which the candidate announces: *Provided*, That the fee in no case shall be less than five dollars. A candidate for any other county office shall pay a fee of five dollars;
 - (e) A candidate for justice of the peace in districts having a population of five thousand or less shall pay a fee of ten dollars; in districts having a population of more than five thousand and not more than twenty-five thousand, fifteen dollars; and in districts having more than twenty-five thousand population, each candidate shall pay a fee of twenty-five dollars;
 - (f) A candidate for constable in districts having a population of five thousand or less shall pay a fee of five dollars; in districts having a population of more than five thousand and not more than twenty-five thousand, ten dollars; and in all

37 other districts fifteen dollars;

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- 38 (g) Delegates to the national convention of any political party shall pay the following filing fees:
- A candidate for delegate-at-large shall pay a fee of twenty dollars; and a candidate for delegate from a congressional district shall pay a fee of ten dollars;
- (h) Candidates for members of political executive committees and other political committees shall pay the following filing fees:

A candidate for member of a state executive committee of any political party shall pay a fee of ten dollars; a candidate for member of a county executive committee of any political party shall pay a fee of one dollar; and a candidate for member of a congressional or senatorial district committee of any political party shall pay a fee of one dollar.

Candidates filing for an office to be filled by the voters of one county shall pay the filing fee to the clerk of the circuit court, and candidates filing for an office to be filled by the voters of more than one county shall pay the filing fee to the secretary of state at the time of filing their certificates of announcement, and no certificate of announcement shall be received until the filing fee is paid.

58 59 All moneys received by such clerk from such fees shall be 60 credited to the general county fund. Moneys received by the secretary of state from fees paid by candidates for offices to be 61 62 filled by all the voters of the state shall be deposited in a 63 special fund for that purpose and shall be apportioned and 64 paid by him to the several counties on the basis of population, 65 and that received from candidates from a district or judicial 66 circuit of more than one county shall be apportioned to the 67 counties comprising the district or judicial circuit in like man-68 ner. When such moneys are received by sheriffs, it shall be 69 credited to the general county fund.

§3-5-13. Form and contents of ballots.

- 1 The official primary ballot shall contain at the left of each
- 2 column of names of candidates, a perpendicular column, and
- 3 shall be so printed as to leave a square at the left of each
- 4 name on the ballot.
- 5 On such primary ballot, the names of candidates for

president of the United States, for vice president of the United 7 States, for United States senator and for representative in Congress, shall be placed in the first column of candidates; the 9 names of candidates for all state offices, including state senators 10 and members of the House of Delegates, and all other offices to 11 be filled by the voters of a political division greater than a 12 county, including the state executive committee, in the second 13 column; the names of all candidates for county offices, includ-14 ing members of the congressional and senatorial district execu-15 tive committees, shall be placed in the third column; the names 16 of all candidates for office in the magisterial districts shall be 17 placed in the fourth column; and the names of all candidates for 18 delegates to the national convention of the party shall be placed 19 in the fifth column and in counties using voting machines the 20 names of all candidates for delegates to the national convention 21 of the party shall be placed after the names of all other can-22 didates for all of the other above specified offices.

The face of every primary election ballot shall conform as nearly as practicable to that used at the general election.

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term of office.

The secretary of state, or the circuit court clerk, as the case may be, shall arrange the names of the candidates to be printed on the ballot in alphabetical order, according to the surname, under the title of the respective offices upon the ballot.

In printing each set of ballots the position of the names of the candidates shall be changed in each office division as many times as there are candidates in that office division. As nearly as possible an equal number of ballots shall be printed after each change. In making the change of position, the printer shall take the line of type containing the first name in the office division concerned and place it at the 47 bottom of the list of names in that division and move up the 48 column so that the name that before was second shall be 49 first after the change. After the ballots are printed they shall be kept in separate piles, one pile for each change in 50 51 position, and shall then be gathered by taking one from each 52 pile. Sample ballots shall be in the same form as the official 53 ballot, but the order of the names thereon need not be altered. 54 All ballots used in primary elections shall be printed on paper conforming as nearly as practicable in weight, texture 55 and color to the samples furnished by the secretary of state, 56 57 and the paper shall be sufficiently thick so that the printing 58 cannot be discernible from the back. On the back of the ballot shall be printed in black ink, and in plain legible, black face pica type, the name of the political party as contained 60 61 in the heading or "Nonpartisan Board of Education," as the 62 case may be, followed by the word "ballot." Under this 63 designation shall be printed two blank lines followed by the words "poll clerks." 64

ARTICLE 6. CONDUCT AND ADMINISTRATION OF ELECTIONS. §3-6-2. Preparation and form of general election ballots.

- 1 All ballots prepared under the provisions of this article shall be printed in black ink on number two white book paper 3 sufficiently thick so that the printing cannot be distinguished 4 from the back, and shall contain the names of every candidate 5 whose nomination for any office to be voted for at the election 6 has been certified and filed according to law, and no others, 7 except that if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the ballot 8 commissioners that a person has been legally nominated as a 9 candidate for an office and is lawfully entitled to have his 10 name upon the ballot and no certificate of the nomination has been received by the clerk of the circuit court, they shall 11 12 print the name of such candidate upon the ballot in its 13 proper place.
- The tickets, except the heading, which shall be in display type, shall be printed in eight point type; the name or designation of the office and the residence of the candidate in lower case letters, and the name of the candidate in capital letters. The name and residence of the candidate may be printed in the same line. The name of each candidate shall

20 be printed in a space defined by ruled lines, and with a black 21 square on its left enclosed by heavy dark lines. If, upon any ticket, there be no candidate or candidates for a designated office, a blank space equal to the space that would be 24 occupied by such name or names, if they were printed 25 thereon, with the blank space herein provided for, shall be 26 left. The heading of each party ticket including the name of 27 the party and the device or emblem above and the large 28 circle between the device or emblem and such name, shall 29 be separated from the rest of the ticket by heavy lines and 30 the circle above the name of the party in which the voter 31 is to place the cross mark, if he desires to vote the straight 32 ticket, shall be defined by heavier lines than the lines defining the blank spaces before the names of candidates, and such 34 circle shall be surrounded by the following words printed in heavy face six point type: "For a straight ticket mark within 36 this circle." Each party ticket shall be separated from other 37 party tickets and bordered on either side by a heavy border, 38 or a broad solid line, at least one sixteenth of an inch wide, 39 and the edges of the ballot on either side trimmed off to 40 within one-half inch of the border or solid line described.

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Then names of the candidates shall be arranged on the ballot in tickets or lists, in separate columns under the respective party or political or other designation certified, each column or ticket containing the names of candidates nominated by the same political party and no others. In elections for presidential electors, the names of candidates for electors of any political party or group of petitioners, shall not be placed on the ballot, but shall, after nomination, be filed with the secretary of state. In place of their names, there shall be printed first on the ballots the names of the candidates for president and vice president, respectively, of each such party or group of petitioners, and they shall be arranged under the title of the office. Before the names of such candidates for president and vice president of each party, or group, a single square shall be printed, in front of a brace, in which the voter shall place the cross mark for the candidate of his choice for such offices. A vote for any of such candidates shall be a vote for the electors of the party by which such candidates were named, and whose names have been filed with the secretary of state.

The names of the candidates on each ticket shall be arranged

- 62 faced eight point type to indicate the political divisions in which
- 63 such group is to be voted for. The arrangement of the ballot
- 64 shall conform as nearly as practicable to the plan here given:

Device	Device	Device
SOLUTION THE OPEN	STRAIGHT TOTAL	THAIGHT POR
Republican Ticket	Democratic Ticket	Prohibition Ticket
For Governor	For Governor	For Governor
Name	Name	Name

The tickets of the several political parties shall be printed on the ballot in parallel columns, each ticket in a separate column headed by the chosen device, and the tickets in such order on the ballot and the names of the office and the candidates for the offices in such order on the ticket as the secretary of state may direct, when practicable, as provided in section thirteen, article five of this chapter, preference, however, being given to the political party which had the highest number of registered voters at the last preceding general election, and so on. No ticket or list of candidates shall be printed under the name of any party containing more candidates for any office than are to be elected.

The ballot shall be so printed as to give each voter a clear opportunity to designated by a cross mark in a large, blank, circular space, three quarters of an inch in diameter, below the device and above the name of the party at the head of the ticket or list of candidates, his choice of a party ticket and desire to vote for each and every candidate thereon; and by a cross mark, in a blank, enclosed space on the left and before the name of each candidate, his choice of particular candidates.

- 86 On the back of the ballot shall be printed or stamped
- 87 in black ink the words "Official Ballot," with the date of the
- 88 election, and underneath shall be two blank lines, followed by
- 89 the words "Poll Clerks."

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§3-6-5. Rules and procedures in elections other than primaries.

- The provisions of article one of this chapter relating to elec-
- tions generally shall govern and control arrangements and elec-
- tion officials for the conduct of elections under this article.
- 4 The following rules and procedures shall govern the voter in
 - his voting for candidates in general and special elections:
- 6 (a) If the voter desires to vote a straight ticket, or, in other words, for each and every candidate for one party for whatever office nominated, he shall either:
- 9 (1) Make a cross mark in the circular space below the 10 device and above the name of the party at the head of the 11 ticket; or
- 12 (2) Make a cross mark on the left and opposite the name 13 of each and every candidate of such party in the blank space 14 provided therefor; or
- 15 (3) Mark out, by lines, all the tickets on the ballot, other 16 than the ticket he desires to vote.
- 17 (b) If the voter desires to vote a mixed ticket, or, in other 18 words, for candidates of different parties, he shall either:
 - (1) Omit making a cross in the circular space above the name of the party, and make a cross mark in the blank space before the name of each candidate for whom he desires to vote on whatever ticket the name may be; or
 - (2) Make a cross mark in the circular space above the name of the party for some of whose candidates he desires to vote, and then make a cross mark before the name of any candidate of any other party for whom he may desire to vote; in which case the cross mark in the circular space above the name of the party will cast his vote for every candidate on the ticket of such party except for offices for which candidates are marked on other party tickets, and the cross marks before the name of such candidates will cast
- 31 32 his vote for them: Provided, If there are multiple candidates
- 33 under the name of any party for terms of equal duration in the
- same office, and if the voter placing a straight ticket cross mark

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in the circle above the name of one party also places a cross 36 mark or cross marks before the name of a candidate or can-37 didates for such office on another party ticket or column, then any and all candidates for such office having a cross mark 38 39 before his or her name shall receive credit for a vote, but on the 40 party ticket or column with the straight ticket cross mark, no 41 candidate for such office before whose name a cross mark has 42 not been placed shall receive credit for a vote unless: (1) The 43 voter has marked through the name or names of the candidate 44 or candidates for which the voter does not intend to vote in 45 the straight party column, or (2) by reason of other markings 46 or vacancies, the ballot clearly indicates which of the candidates 47 for whom the voter intended to vote; but in no event shall any voter so mark his ballot so as to indicate an intention to vote 48 49 for more persons than the total number to be elected for 50 such office.

(3) Write with black lead pencil or other means the name of any person for whom he desires to vote in the space immediately below the name of the opposing candidate for the same office, on the ticket voted by him, and the name so written shall be counted.

If, in marking either a straight or mixed ticket as above defined, a cross mark is made in the circular space above the name of a party at the head of the ticket, and also one or more cross marks made before the name or names of candidates on the same ticket for offices for which candidates on other party tickets are not individually marked, such marks before the name of candidates on the ticket so marked shall be treated as surplusage and ignored.

If the voter desires to vote for any person whose name does not appear on the ticket, he may substitute the name by writing it with black lead pencil or other means in the proper place, and making a cross mark in the blank space at the left of the name so written.

If the voter marks more names than there are persons to be elected to an office, of if, for any reason, it is impossible to determine the voter's choice, for an office to be filled, the ballot shall not be counted for such office.

No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not make it impossible to determine the voter's choice.

ARTICLE 10. FILLING VACANCIES.

§3-10-5. Vacancies in state Legislature.

Any vacancy in the office of state senator or member of the 1 2 House of Delegates shall be filled by appointment by the governor, in each instance from a list of three legally qualified persons submitted by the county party executive committee in the case of a member of the House of Delegates who 5 is elected from a county that is not situated in a delegate 7 district, by the party executive committee of the delegate district in the case of a member of the House of Delegates who is elected from such delegate district, and by the party 10 executive committee of the state senatorial district in the case of a state senator, of the party with which the person 11 12 holding the office immediately preceding the vacancy was 13 affiliated, and of the county or state senatorial district, 14 respectively, in which he resided at the time of his election or 15 appointment. If the vacating member of the House of Dele-16 gates resided in a county only a portion of which is included in 17 his delegate district, all three of the qualified persons submitted shall be residents of that portion of the county in which 18 19 the vacating delegate resided at the time of his election or 20 appointment to the House of Delegates. The appointment to fill a vacancy in the House of Delegates shall be for the 21 22 unexpired term. If the unexpired term in the office of the 23 state senator be for less than two years and two months, the 24 appointment shall be for the unexpired term. If the unexpired 25 term be for a period longer than two years and two months, 26 the appointment shall be until the next general election and 27 until the election and qualification of a successor to the person appointed, at which general election the vacancy shall be 28 29 filled by election for the unexpired term. Notice of an election 30 to fill a vacancy in the office of state senator shall be given 31 by the governor by proclamation and shall be published prior 32 to such election as a Class II-0 legal advertisement in com-33 pliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine 34 of this code, and the publication area for such publication 35 shall be each county in the senatorial district. Nominations 36 for candidates to fill such vacancy shall be made in the man-37 ner prescribed for nominating a candidate to fill a vacancy 38 in the office of governor to be voted for at a general election.

Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B. No. 1322] 16

- 39 The state senatorial district executive committee of the political
- 40 party shall discharge the duties incident to state senator
- 41 nominations devolving upon the party state executive com-
- 42 mittee in nominating a candidate for a state office.

17 [Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B. No. 1322

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled. Chairman House Committee Originated in the House. Takes effect ninety days from passage. Clerk of the Senate Clerk of the House of Delegates President of the Senate Speaker House of Delegates

C 641

day of

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

Date 4/30/73

Time //: 33a.m.